# CITY OF WESTON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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#### WILLIAM C SPORE, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 200 N. Rufe Snow Drive, Ste 116 Keller, TX 76248 817-421-6619

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City of Weston, Texas

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major funds of the City of Weston, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Weston, Texas, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements the collectively comprise the City of Weston's basic financial statements. The schedule of comparative revenues and expenditures - general fund is presented for additional analysis and are not a part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of comparative revenues and expenditures - general is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of comparative revenues and expenditures - general fund is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

William C. Spore, P.C. Keller, Texas Certified Public Accountants January 8, 2019

#### **CITY OFFICIALS**

**September 30, 2018** 

MAYOR Patti Harrington

MAYOR PRO TEM Carol Decker

COUNCIL MEMBERS Kevin Deal

**Randall Hales** 

**Tralyn Molinar** 

John Tingle

SECRETARY Susan Coffer

ATTORNEY Taylor, Olsen, Adkins, Stralla & Elam

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Weston, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The information provided here should be used in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2018 by \$601,119, an increase of \$76,290 from the prior year.
- The City's governmental fund balance increased \$108,053 during the 2018 fiscal year to a total of \$314,234.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (page 8) presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (page 9) presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences). Capital grant funds are reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities.

The City currently provides only Governmental type activities. Governmental activities include basic services such as ambulance, inspection, streets and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees and permit revenues finance most of these activities. The City does not provide any Business-type activities such as water or sewer systems.

#### **Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

All of the City's activities are accounted for in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances left at the end of the year that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental actives (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 12.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City's net position as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

		NET POSITION		
		2018		2017
Current and Other Assets	\$	355,888	\$	219,437
Capital Assets	_	285,915	_	317,545
Total Assets	_	641,803	_	536,982
Long-Term Debt		0		0
Other Liabilities	_	(40,684)	_	(12,153)
Total Liabilities	_	(40,684)	_	(12,153)
Net Position:				
Invested in Capital Assets, net				
of debt		285,915		317,545
Restricted		0		0
Unrestricted	_	315,204		207,284
Total Net Position	\$_	601,119	\$	524,829

The City has two significant assets, its cash balances and its investment in capital assets, (buildings, office equipment, public works.) The City has restricted cash accounts for developer expense advances totaling \$23,703. The remaining cash balances of \$321,815 at September 30, 2018 are unrestricted and the City uses these funds for operations and reserves. The City uses its capital assets to provide services to the City's citizens, consequently these assets are not available for future spending.

#### **Analysis of City's Operations**

The following table provides a summary of the City' Changes in Net Position for the years ended September 30, 2018 & 2017.

		2018	2017
REVENUES			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$	5,476	\$ 4,674
Capital Grants/Donations		100,000	0
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes		75,387	69,894
Sales Taxes		7,199	6,445
Franchise Fees		13,035	10,853
Interest Income	_	114	 87
Total Revenues	_	201,211	 91,953
PROGRAM EXPENSES			
General Government		78,517	71,817
Public Health		8,947	6,390
Streets	_	37,457	 33,633
Total Expenses	_	124,921	 111,840
Increase (Decrease) in			
Net Position	\$ _	76,290	\$ (19,887)

During fiscal year 2018 the City received two \$50,000 donations. These donations are unrestricted, and the City can use the funds for any purpose as determined by the City Council.

The City's property tax rate remained the same in 2018 as it was in 2017, 36 cents per \$100 of valuation. Due to an increase in property values within the City property tax revenues increased \$5,493 in 2018. The City's sales tax and franchise fee revenues also increased in 2018.

During 2018 the City incurred legal and engineering expenses related to potential new developments in the City. These expenditures totaled \$12,019 in 2018 compared to \$6,466 in 2017.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS**

The focus of the City's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements, in particular, unreserved fund balance may serve a measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

A comparative schedule of General Fund revenues and expenditures is as follows:

	2018	2017
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	75,520	\$ 69,974
Sales Taxes	7,199	6,445
Franchise Fees	13,035	10,853
Permits & Fees	5,476	4,674
Miscellaneous Revenues	0	0
Interest Income	114	87
Developer Donations/Reimburse.	100,000	0
TOTAL REVENUES	201,344	92,033
EXPENDITURES		
General Government	71,988	65,573
Public Health	8,947	6,390
Streets	6,700	2,875
Capital Outlay	5,656	32,946
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	93,291	107,784
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER</b>		
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES \$	108,053	\$ (15,751)

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In September 2018 the City Council amended the City 2018 budget. The budget amendments increased budgeted revenues by \$50,000 and increased budgeted expenditures by \$36,500. The original budgeted surplus was \$13,986 and the amended budgeted surplus was \$50,486.

After amending the budget, the City received a \$50,000 unrestricted donation that was not anticipated. Total actual revenues exceeded originally budgeted revenues by \$59,941 primarily due to the \$50,000 donation received in late September along with an increase in sales tax revenues (\$2,199), franchise fee revenues (\$2,535), permit revenues (\$4,926).

Actual expenditures of \$93,291 exceeded budgeted expenditures of \$90,917 primarily due to a capital outlay expenditure for a new fence at City Hall that was not included in the budget.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The City's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2018 amounts to \$285,915 (net of depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes buildings, office equipment and infrastructure. A schedule of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) is as follows:

		2018	2017
Land	\$	34,500	\$ 34,500
Buildings		43,693	42,908
Office Equipment		13,852	15,510
Infrastructure	_	193,870	224,627
TOTAL	\$_	285,915	\$ 317,545

The major capital addition during the current fiscal year was the acquisition of a fence at City Hall at a cost of \$5,656. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

The City does not have any outstanding long-term debts.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The fiscal year 2019 budget included budgeted revenues of \$126,028 and budgeted expenditures of \$142,818. This budgeted deficit will be funded from funds on hand at the beginning of the 2019 fiscal year. Budgeted revenues include property taxes of \$96,167, which were based on a tax rate of 36 cents per \$100 of assessed value, the same tax rate as used in 2018. Budgeted revenues also include \$16,000 of construction permit revenues.

Budgeted 2019 expenditures include \$34,266, for salaries and benefits, \$10,000 for legal fees, \$15,000 for engineering fees, \$29,710 for city planner fees, \$5,500 for ambulance services, and \$5,095 for road repairs.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City of Weston. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the City Secretary at P.O. Box 248, Weston, TX 75097 or at (972) 729-7045.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### September 30, 2018

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$	321,815
Receivable-Sales & Franchise Taxes		8,844
Receivable-Property Taxes		970
Prepaid Expenses		556
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	332,185
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Restricted Cash		23,703
CAPITAL ASSETS	-	
Land-Parks		34,500
Buildings & Improvements		118,575
Equipment		30,374
Public Works		315,245
Accumulated Depreciation	_	(212,779)
NET CAPITAL ASSETS	-	285,915
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	641,803
LIABILITIES	_	
Accounts Payable	\$	15,918
Accrued Liabilities		1,063
Developer Advances Payable	φ-	23,703
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ _	40,684
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Asset, Net of Related Debt	\$	285,915
Unrestricted	_	315,204
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	601,119

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u>. E</u>	EXPENSES	C	HARGES FOR SERVICES		CAPITAL GRANTS & DONATIONS	-	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: General Government	\$	(78,517)	\$	5,476	\$	100,000	\$	26,959
Public Health Streets	Ψ	(8,947)	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	(8,947)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$_	(37,457)	\$	0 5,476	\$[	100,000	[	(37,457)
GENERAL REVENUE								
Property Taxes Sales Taxes Franchise Fees Interest Income								75,387 7,199 13,035 114
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE							[	95,735
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								76,290
NET POSITION - BEGINNING								524,829
NET POSITION - ENDING							\$	601,119

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **September 30, 2018**

Δ	SS	F٦	rs.

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	321,815
Restricted Cash-Developer Advances		23,703
Receivables:		
Sales Taxes, Franchise Fees & Other		8,844
Property Taxes		970
Prepaid Expenses	_	556
TOTAL ASSETS	_	355,888
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		15,918
Accrued Payroll Taxes		1,063
Developer Advances Payable		23,703
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	40,684
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	_	970
FUND BALANCE		
Non-Spendable - Prepaid Expenses		556
Unassigned		313,678
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	314,234
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
AND FUND LIABILITIES	\$_	355,888
	_	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### September 30, 2018

Fund Balance Above	\$	314,234
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Asse different because:	ets are	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Fund Balance Sheet		285,915
Property taxes receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the Fund Balance Sheet.		970
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	601,119

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### **REVENUES**

KEVENOLO	
Property Taxes	\$ 75,520
Sales Taxes	7,199
Franchise Fees	13,035
Permits & Fees	5,476
Donations	100,000
Interest Income	114
TOTAL REVENUES	201,344
EXPENDITURES	
General Government	71,988
Public Health	8,947
Streets	6,700
Capital Outlay	5,656
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	93,291
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	108,053
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	206,181
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 314,234

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 108,053
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense:	
Capital assets recorded in the current period Depreciation expense on capital assets	5,656 (37,286)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund statements:	
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes	(133)

**CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** 

76,290

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -

The City of Weston operates under a Council-Mayor form of government, following the laws of a General Law City as defined by the State of Texas. The City provides the following services: ambulance, inspection, streets, and general administrative services.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to local governments. GAAP for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). As allowed in P80 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, the City has elected to not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedure issued after November 30, 1989. The more significant accounting policies of the City are discussed below:

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the City (the primary government). The City has no component units (separately administered organizations that are controlled or dependent on the City).

#### B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's ambulance, inspection, streets, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City does not provide any business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts- invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net costs of each of the City's Functions (general government, public safety, and streets). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (building permits).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants while capital grants reflect capital specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales, and franchise taxes).

The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### C: BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The City only provides Governmental Fund type activities and these activities are accounted for the General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources of the City.

The City does not provide any Business-type activities.

The City does not have any Fiduciary Funds.

#### D: MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- 1. Government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expensed are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.
- 2. Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e. both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

"Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (typical within 60 days after year end). Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principle and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized only when payment is due.

#### 3. Revenue Recognition:

The City considers property taxes, franchise fees, sanitation revenues and grants as available if collected within 60 days after year end. Sales and hotel/motel taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental revenues are recognized when received.

#### 4. Restricted Resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available the City first applies restricted resources.

#### 5. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles to local governments in the United States of America requires management and those charged with governance to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **6:** New Accounting Principles:

The City has adopted all current GASB pronouncements that are applicable to its operations and activities. The accounting principles governing the reported amounts, financial presentations, and disclosures are subject to change from time to time based on new pronouncements and / or rules issued by various standards-setting bodies. The GASB has issued the following new statements that are potentially applicable to the City of Weston.

- Statement no, 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt*. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.
- · Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.
- · Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests. This statement will not affect the City.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

New pronouncements not yet in effect as of September 30, 2018, are not expected to have any significant impact on the City's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. The City is currently studying these new pronouncements and will adopt them in the fiscal year ending September 2018, as required.

#### E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS:

#### 1. Cash and cash Equivalents:

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand and demand deposits.

#### 2. Capital Assets:

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful lives of assets are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 15 years Office Equipment 3 - 5 years Infrastructure 10-30 years

#### 3. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In additions to assets the statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not currently have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometime report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable property tax revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

#### 4. Taxes:

Property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are due October 1, the levy date, and are delinquent after the following January 31. Property taxes are recorded as receivables in the period they are levied and available. For governmental fund financial reporting, delinquent taxes estimated not to be available are treated as deferred revenues at the time the taxes are assessed.

#### 5. Prepaid Expenses:

Prepaid expenses represent payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent year.

#### 6. Compensated Absences and Retirement Plan:

The City Secretary is the only paid employee of the City. The amount, if any, of any accrued compensated absences is immaterial and is not recorded in these financial statements. The City does not provide a retirement plan for its employee.

#### 7. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Any outstanding debt is reduced by any unspent debt proceeds at the end of the fiscal year before the reduction discussed above.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net assets that do not meet the criteria of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable (prepaid expenses), restricted (by parties outside of the government or by enabling legislation), committed (by City Council ordinance or resolution) and unassigned.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

#### F: BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1: Prior to September 1, the City Secretary submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2: Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3: Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- 4: Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 5: Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018 the following departments had expenditures exceeding appropriations:

<u>Department</u>	Amount over Budget
Capital Outlay	\$5,656

#### NOTE 2: CASH:

At September 30, 2018 the City's cash and cash equivalents were made up of the following:

Petty Cash	\$ 1,680
Held at a local bank	343,838
	\$ 345,518

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

#### **Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures:**

#### (1) Custodial credit risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of outside parties.

At September 30, 2018 the City's bank balances (per bank) totaled \$346,039. All of the bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance or collateral pledged by the financial institution. The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk at September 30, 2018.

Securities pledged by the City's depository institution at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

SECURITY	PAR	FMV
Bexar County Cert of Oblig Georgetown TX ISD Bond	\$ 10,000 100,000	\$ 11,197 100,793
	\$ 110,000	\$ 111,990

(2) Interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk:

The City does not have any investments and therefor is not subject to interest rate risk, credit risk or concentration of credit risk.

#### NOTE 3: RESTRICTED CASH:

At September 30, 2018 the City has restricted cash as follows:

#### Developer Advances

In September 2009 Land Advisors, LTD., a local developer, advanced the City \$10,000 to be used solely for future development costs. At September 30, 2018 the City held \$1,366 of restricted development funds which are held in a separately maintained developer escrow bank account. There were no disbursements from the account during the fiscal year. As these remaining funds are expended the developer will be required to deposit additional funds in to the developer escrow account.

In March 2017 a local developer advanced the City \$6,500 to be used for expenses to be incurred by the City related to the developer's application for a planned development in the City. Thru September 30, 2018 the City had expended \$5,677 of the developer's deposit leaving a balance of \$823 outstanding at September 30, 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

In June 2017 a local developer advanced the City \$25,000 to be used for expenses to be incurred by the City related to the developer's application for a planned development in the City. Thru September 30, 2018 the City had expended \$3,486 of the developer's deposit leaving a balance of \$21,514 outstanding at September 30, 2018.

#### **NOTE 4:** CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

CAPITAL ASSETS:		BEGINNING		ADDITIONS	DISPOSALS		ENDING
Land-Parks	\$	34,500	\$	0	\$ 0 \$	5	34,500
Building & Improvements		112,919		5,656	0		118,575
Equipment		30,374		0	0		30,374
Infrastructure		315,245		0	0		315,245
TOTAL	\$	493,038		5,656	0		498,694
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	ON:						
Building & Improvements	\$	70,011		4,871	0		74,882
Office Equipment		14,864		1,658	0		16,522
Infrastructure		90,618		30,757	0		121,375
TOTAL ACCUM. DEPRECIATION		175,493	,	37,286	0	_	212,779
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	317,545	\$	(31,630)	\$ 0 \$	5_	285,915

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 6,529
Public Works	30,757
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ <u>37,286</u>

#### NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT:

The City does not currently have any long-term debt.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

#### NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TMLIRP") which is a public entity insurance risk pool. Annual contributions to TML are reported in the general fund. Management believes coverage presently purchased from TMLIRP is sufficient to preclude significant uninsured losses to the City.

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# CITY OF WESTON BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018								
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		AMENDED BUDGET		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)						-		
Property Taxes \$	75,303	\$	75,303	\$	75,520	\$	217	
Sales Taxes	5,000		5,000		7,199		2,199	
Franchise Fees	10,500		10,500		13,035		2,535	
Permits & Fees	550		550		5,476		4,926	
Donations	0		50,000		100,000		50,000	
Interest Income	50		50		114		64	
TOTAL RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	91,403		141,403		201,344	ſ	59,941	
(,	0.1,100		, , , , , ,	<u> </u>		L	55,511	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTF	LOWS)							
General Government:								
Public Notices & Filing Fees	600		600		445		155	
Dues & Subscriptions	563		563		634		(71)	
Insurance	1,587		1,587		1,581		6	
Accounting Services	2,500		2,500		2,500		0	
Legal Services	4,500		4,500		6,588		(2,088)	
Engineering Services	2,500		2,500		5,431		(2,931)	
Planning Services	0		8,000		4,225		3,775	
Tax Appraisal & Collection Services	821		821		774		47	
Election	1,850		1,850		2,104		(254)	
Repair & Maintenance	4,940		6,440		5,786		654	
Supplies, Travel & Training	2,610		2,610		2,941		(331)	
Promotion	450		450		682		(232)	
Telephone, Utilities, Security & Website	8,642		8,642		8,515		127	
Payroll Taxes	2,027		2,027		2,265		(238)	
Wages	31,680		31,680		27,517		4,163	
Total General Government	65,270	[	74,770		71,988	Γ	2,782	
Total General Government	00,210	l L	74,770	<u> </u>	7 1,000	L	2,702	
Public Health								
Animal Control	5,000		5,000		5,000		0	
EMS Services	3,947		3,947		3,947		0	
Total Public Health	8,947		8,947		8,947		0	
Streets								
Street Repairs & Signs	3,200		7,200		6,700	_	500	
TOTAL STREETS	3,200		7,200		6,700		500	
One Hall Outlier								
Capital Outlay:			•				(= 0=0)	
Building Improvements	0		0		5,656	Г	(5,656)	
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	0		0	L	5,656	L	(5,656)	
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)	77,417	[	90,917		93,291	Γ	(2,374)	
. C.A.E.A. I NOI MATIONO (OUT LONG)	77,717	ı L	55,517	<b>L</b>	55,251	L	(2,017)	
EXCESS OF RESOURCES OVER			<b>.</b>		100			
UNDER APPROPRIATIONS	13,986		50,486		108,053	\$ =	57,567	
REGINNING BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE	206 494		206 101		206 404			
BEGINNING BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE		\$	206,181	<sub>•</sub> –	206,181	<u></u>		
ENDING BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE \$	220,167	φ	256,667	<sup>\$</sup> =	314,234	\$		

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CITY OF WESTON COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES & EXPENDITURES-GENERAL FUND

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2018, 2017 & 2016

		Year Ending September 30,						
		2018		2	2017		2016	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Property Taxes	\$	75,520	\$		69,974	\$	68,280	
Sales Taxes		7,199			6,445		7,574	
Franchise Fees		13,035			10,853		10,479	
Permits & Fees		5,476			4,674		2,616	
Donations		100,000			0		0	
Interest Income		114			87		210	
TOTAL RESOURCES (INFLOWS)		201,344			92,033		89,159	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUT	ΓFL	OWS)						
General Government:		•						
Public Notices & Filing Fees		445			509		579	
Dues & Subscriptions		634			563		550	
Insurance		1,581			1,492		1,370	
Accounting Services		2,500			2,500		2,500	
Legal Services		6,588			4,966		2,725	
Engineering Services		5,431			1,500		500	
Planning Services		4,225			0		0	
Tax Appraisal & Collection Services		774			762		246	
Election		2,104			75		0	
Repair & Maintenance		5,786			10,723		20,932	
Supplies, Travel & Training		2,941			1,888		2,547	
Promotion		682			450		0	
Telephone, Utilities, Security & Website		8,515			8,776		9,434	
Payroll Taxes		2,265			2,237		2,455	
Wages		27,517			29,132		29,364	
Total General Government	L	71,988			65,573		73,202	
Public Health								
Animal Control		5,000			2,083		0	
EMS Services		3,947			4,307		4,500	
Total Public Health	L	8,947			6,390		4,500	
Streets								
Street Repairs & Signs	_	6,700			2,875		322	
TOTAL STREETS	<u></u>	6,700			2,875		322	
Capital Outlay:								
Building Improve./Office Equip./Public Works	_	5,656			32,946		117,040	
TOTAL CAPITAL AOUTLAY	L	5,656			32,946		117,040	
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) EXCESS OF RESOURCES OVER		93,291			107,784		195,064	
	\$ _	108,053	\$		(15,751)	\$	(105,905)	

#### WILLIAM C. SPORE, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 200 N. Rufe Snow Dr., Ste 116 Keller, TX 76248 817-421-6619

To the City Council City of Weston

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the City of Weston as of and for the year ending September 30, 2018, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the City of Weston' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be a material weakness.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William C. Spore, PC Certified Public Accountants January 8, 2019